



TTI  
SUCCESS  
INSIGHTS®

# Behaviors and Motivators

Sales Version

Gregg Wilson  
Sales  
Sample Co.  
7-14-2014





## Introduction Where Opportunity Meets Talent®

The TTI Success Insights® Behaviors and Motivators Report was designed to increase the understanding of an individual's talents. The report provides insight to two distinct areas: behaviors and motivators. Understanding strengths and weaknesses in both of these areas will lead to personal and professional development and a higher level of satisfaction.

**The following is an in-depth look at your personal talents in the two main sections:**

### Behaviors

This section of the report is designed to help you attain a greater knowledge of yourself as well as others. The ability to interact effectively with people may be the difference between success and failure in your work and personal life. Effective interaction starts with an accurate perception of oneself.

### Motivators

This section of the report provides information on the why of your actions, which with application and coaching, can tremendously impact your valuing of life. Once you know the motivations that drive your actions, you will immediately be able to understand the causes of conflict.



## Introduction Behaviors Section

**Behavioral research suggests that the most effective people are those who understand themselves, both their strengths and weaknesses, so they can develop strategies to meet the demands of their environment.**

A person's behavior is a necessary and integral part of who they are. In other words, much of our behavior comes from "nature" (inherent), and much comes from "nurture" (our upbringing). It is the universal language of "how we act," or our observable human behavior.

**In this report we are measuring four dimensions of normal behavior. They are:**

- How you respond to problems and challenges.
- How you influence others to your point of view.
- How you respond to the pace of the environment.
- How you respond to rules and procedures set by others.

This report analyzes behavioral style; that is, a person's manner of doing things. Is the report 100% true? Yes, no and maybe. We are only measuring behavior. We only report statements from areas of behavior in which tendencies are shown. To improve accuracy, feel free to make notes or edit the report regarding any statement from the report that may or may not apply, but only after checking with friends or colleagues to see if they agree.

*"All people exhibit all four behavioral factors in varying degrees of intensity."  
—W.M. Marston*





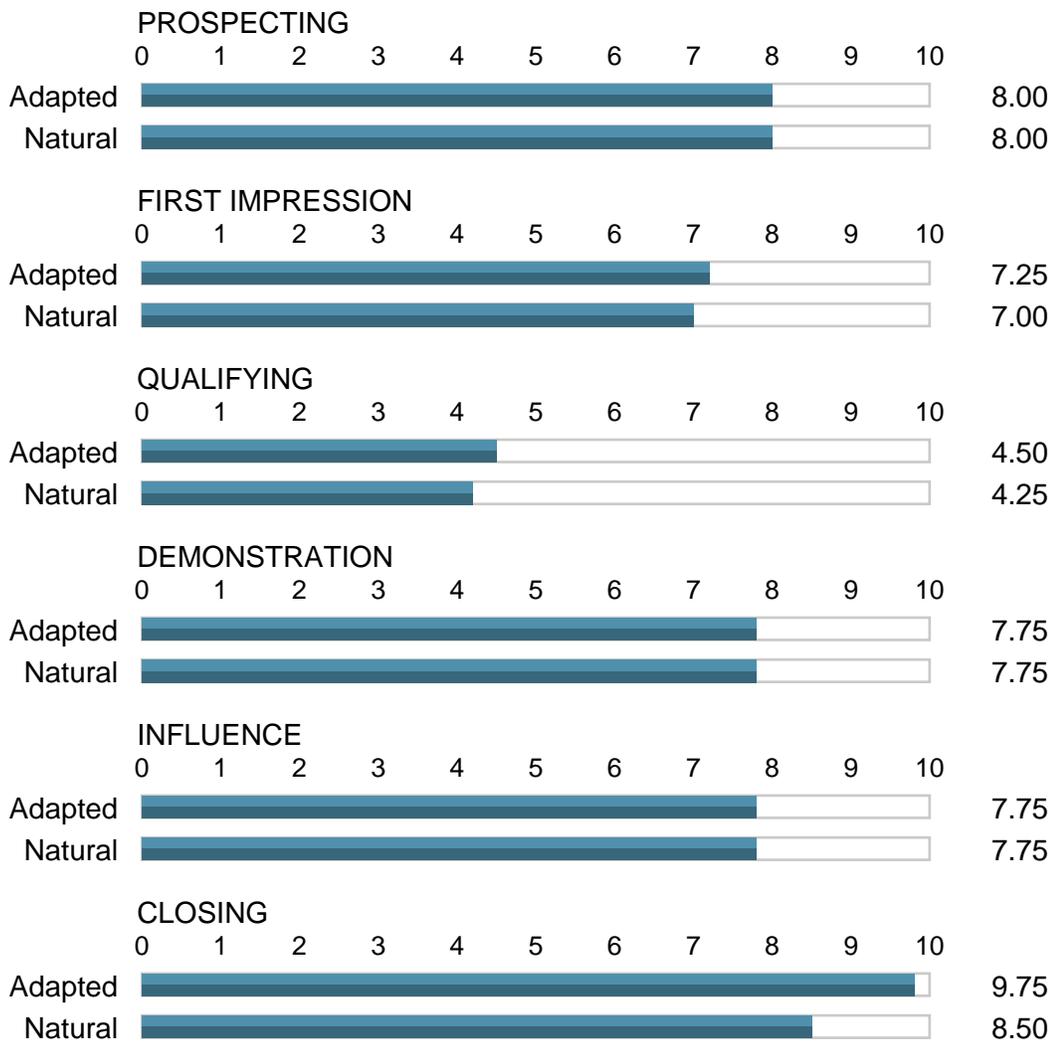


# Behavioral Selling Overview

The Behavioral Selling Overview reflects Gregg's natural and adapted styles within each phase of the Behavioral Selling Model. Gregg's natural style reflects his native, intuitive selling behavior. Gregg's adapted scores reflect the behavior that Gregg believes necessary in each phase of behavioral selling.

The level of effectiveness that Gregg either possesses naturally or is able to modify or "mask" is also shown. The higher the score, the more effective Gregg is at that phase of the sale. The lower the score, the greater challenge Gregg has in terms of delivering specific behavior required for success within that phase.

The amount of difference between a salesperson's adapted and natural styles is also key. The greater the difference, the greater potential for stress.



0-5.0=POOR 5.1-6.6=FAIR 6.7-7.6=GOOD 7.7-8.8=VG 8.9-10=EX

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Gregg Wilson

















## Selling Tips

*This section provides suggestions on methods which will improve Gregg's communications when selling to different styles. The tips include a brief description of typical people in which he may interact. By adapting to the communication style desired by other people, Gregg will become more effective in his communications with them. He may have to practice some flexibility in varying his communication style with others who may be different from himself. This flexibility and the ability to interpret the needs of others is the mark of a superior salesperson.*

### **When selling to a person who is dependent, neat, conservative, perfectionist, careful and compliant:**

- Prepare your "presentation" in advance.
- Stick to business--provide fact to support your presentation.
- Be accurate and realistic--don't exaggerate.

#### **Factors that will create tension:**

- Being giddy, casual, informal, loud.
- Wasting time with small talk.
- Being disorganized or messy.

### **When selling to a person who is ambitious, forceful, decisive, strong-willed, independent and goal-oriented:**

- Be clear, specific, brief and to the point.
- Stick to business. Give an effective presentation.
- Come prepared with support material in a well-organized "package."

#### **Factors that will create tension:**

- Talking about things that are not relevant to the issue.
- Leaving loopholes or cloudy issues.
- Appearing disorganized.

### **When selling to a person who is patient, predictable, reliable, steady, relaxed and modest:**

- Begin with a personal comment--break the ice.
- Present yourself softly, nonthreateningly and logically.
- Earn their trust--provide proven products.

#### **Factors that will create tension:**

- Rushing headlong into the interview.
- Being domineering or demanding.
- Forcing them to respond quickly to your questions.

### **When selling to a person who is magnetic, enthusiastic, friendly, demonstrative and political:**

- Provide a warm and friendly environment.
- Don't deal with a lot of details, unless they want them.
- Provide testimonials from people they see as important.

#### **Factors that will create tension:**

- Being curt, cold or tight-lipped.
- Controlling the conversation.
- Driving on facts and figures, alternatives, abstractions.







# Descriptors

Based on Gregg's responses, the report has marked those words that describe his personal behavior. They describe how he solves problems and meets challenges, influences people, responds to the pace of the environment and how he responds to rules and procedures set by others.

Demanding <b>Egocentric</b> Driving Ambitious Pioneering Strong-Willed Forceful Determined Aggressive Competitive Decisive Venturesome Inquisitive Responsible	Effusive Inspiring Magnetic Political Enthusiastic Demonstrative <b>Persuasive</b> <b>Warm</b> <b>Convincing</b> <b>Polished</b> <b>Poised</b> <b>Optimistic</b> Trusting Sociable	Phlegmatic Relaxed Resistant to Change Nondemonstrative Passive Patient Possessive Predictable Consistent Deliberate Steady Stable	Evasive Worrisome Careful Dependent Cautious Conventional Exacting Neat Systematic Diplomatic Accurate Tactful Open-Minded Balanced Judgment
<b>Dominance</b>	<b>Influencing</b>	<b>Steadiness</b>	<b>Compliance</b>
Conservative Calculating Cooperative Hesitant Low-Keyed Unsure Undemanding Cautious Mild Agreeable Modest Peaceful Unobtrusive	Reflective Factual Calculating Skeptical Logical Undemonstrative Suspicious Matter-of-Fact Incisive Pessimistic Moody Critical	<b>Mobile</b> Active Restless Alert Variety-Oriented Demonstrative Impatient Pressure-Oriented Eager Flexible Impulsive Impetuous Hypertense	<b>Firm</b> Independent Self-Willed Stubborn <b>Obstinate</b> Opinionated Unsystematic Self-Righteous Uninhibited Arbitrary Unbending Careless with Details





















# Action Plan

## Professional Development

1. I learned the following behaviors contribute positively to increasing my professional effectiveness: (list 1-3)

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2. My report uncovered the following behaviors I need to modify or adjust to make me more effective in my career: (list 1-3)

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3. When I make changes to these behaviors, they will have the following impact on my career:

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4. I will make the following changes to my behavior, and I will implement them by \_\_\_\_\_:

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# Action Plan

## Personal Development

1. When reviewing my report for personal development, I learned the following key behaviors contribute to reaching my goals and the quality of life I desire: (list 1-3)

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2. The following behaviors were revealed, which show room for improvement to enhance the quality of my life: (list 1-3)

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3. When I make changes to these behaviors, I will experience the following benefits in my quality of life:

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4. I will make the following changes to my behavior, and I will implement them by \_\_\_\_\_:

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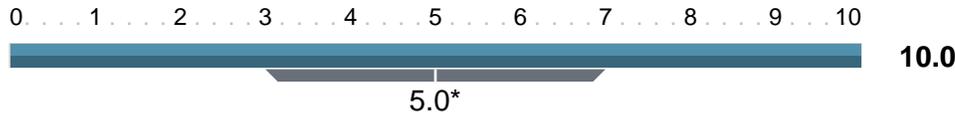
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# Behavioral Hierarchy

The Behavioral Hierarchy graph will display a ranking of your natural behavioral style within a total of twelve (12) areas commonly encountered in the workplace. It will help you understand in which of these areas you will naturally be most effective.

**1. Competitiveness** - Tenacity, boldness, assertiveness and a "will to win" in all situations.



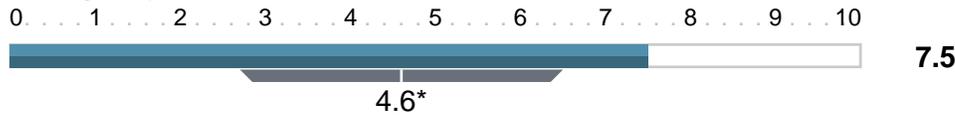
**2. Frequent Change** - Moving easily from task to task or being asked to leave several tasks unfinished and easily move on to the new task with little or no notice.



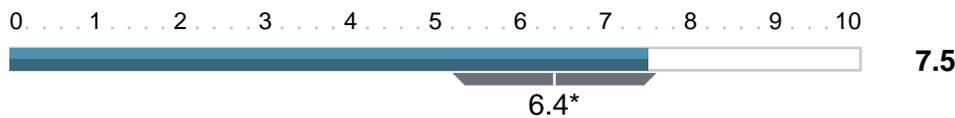
**3. Frequent Interaction with Others** - Dealing with multiple interruptions on a continual basis, always maintaining a friendly interface with others.



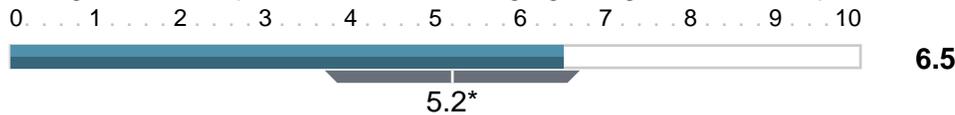
**4. Urgency** - Decisiveness, quick response and fast action.



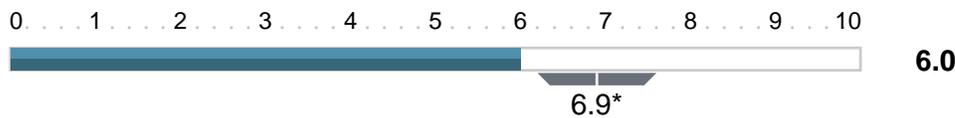
**5. People Oriented** - Spending a high percentage of time successfully working with a wide range of people from diverse backgrounds to achieve "win-win" outcomes.



**6. Versatility** - Bringing together a multitude of talents and a willingness to adapt the talents to changing assignments as required.



**7. Customer Relations** - A desire to convey your sincere interest in them.



\* 68% of the population falls within the shaded area.




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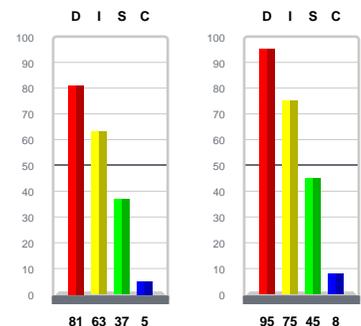
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Adapted Style      Natural Style





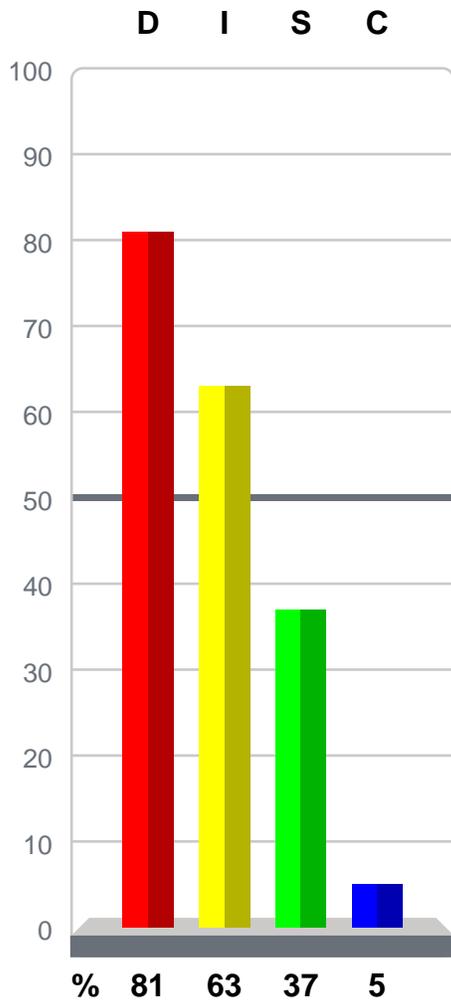


# Style Insights® Graphs

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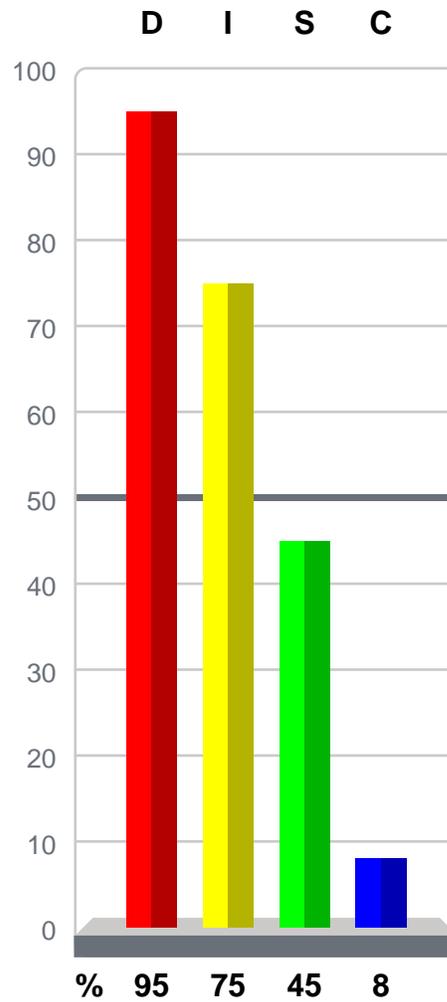
Adapted Style

Graph I



Natural Style

Graph II



Norm 2011 R4

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Gregg Wilson



## The Success Insights® Wheel

The Success Insights® Wheel is a powerful tool popularized in Europe. In addition to the text you have received about your behavioral style, the Wheel adds a visual representation that allows you to:

- View your natural behavioral style (circle).
- View your adapted behavioral style (star).
- Note the degree you are adapting your behavior.
- If you filled out the Work Environment Analysis, view the relationship of your behavior to your job.

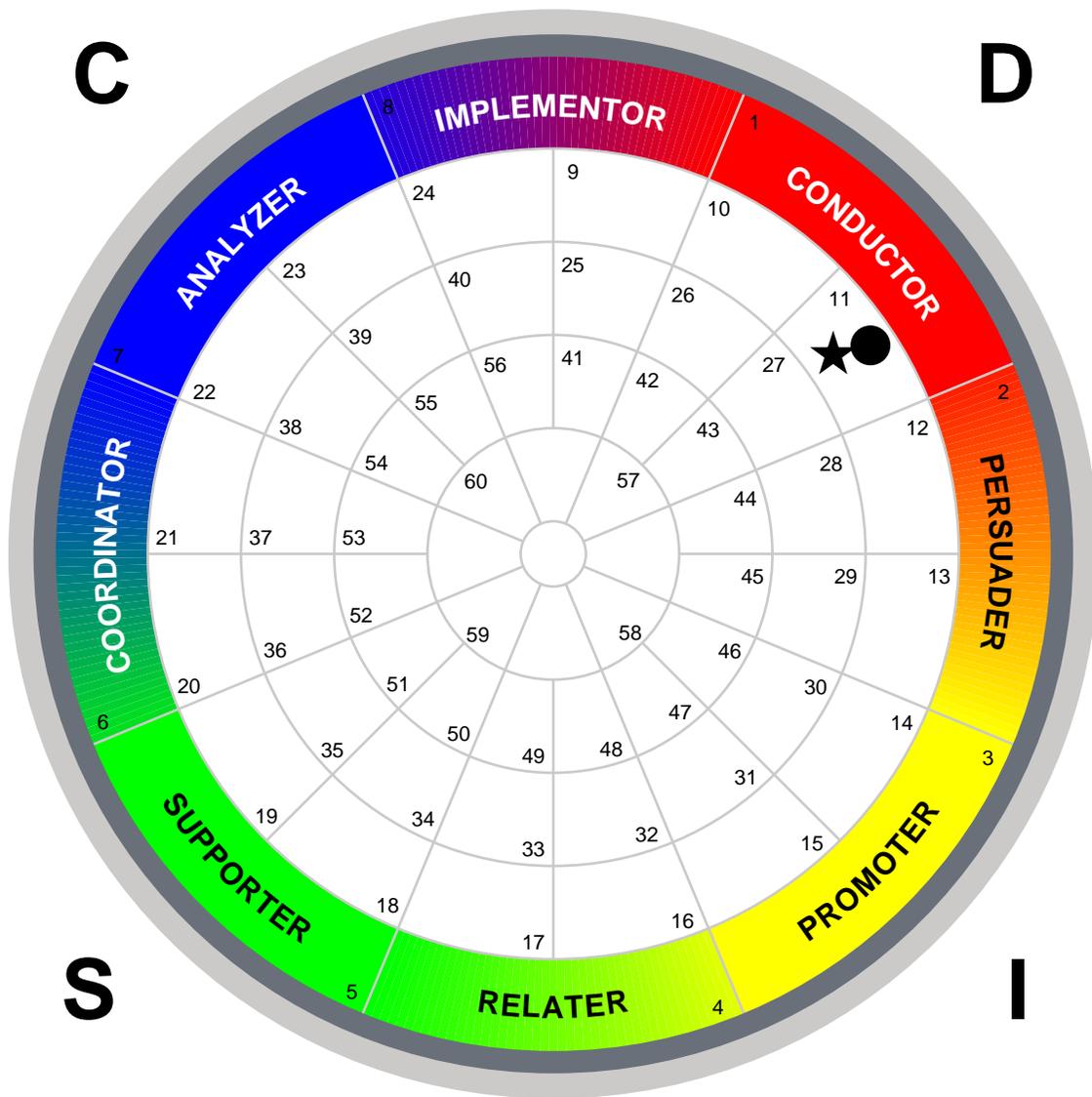
Notice on the next page that your Natural style (circle) and your Adapted style (star) are plotted on the Wheel. If they are plotted in different boxes, then you are adapting your behavior. The further the two plotting points are from each other, the more you are adapting your behavior.

If you are part of a group or team who also took the behavioral assessment, it would be advantageous to get together, using each person's Wheel, and make a master Wheel that contains each person's Natural and Adapted style. This allows you to quickly see where conflict can occur. You will also be able to identify where communication, understanding and appreciation can be increased.



# The Success Insights® Wheel

7-14-2014



Adapted: ★ (11) PERSUADING CONDUCTOR  
Natural: ● (11) PERSUADING CONDUCTOR

Norm 2011 R4

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Gregg Wilson



## Introduction Motivators Section

Knowledge of an individual's motivators and attitudes help to tell us **WHY** they do things. A review of an individual's experiences, references, education and training help to tell us **WHAT** they can do. Behavioral assessments help to tell us **HOW** a person behaves and performs in the work environment. This report measures the relative prominence of six basic interests or motivators (a way of valuing life): Theoretical, Utilitarian, Aesthetic, Social, Individualistic and Traditional.

Motivators help to initiate one's behavior and are sometimes called the hidden motivators because they are not always readily observed. It is the purpose of this report to help illuminate and amplify some of those motivating factors and to build on the strengths that each person brings to the work environment.

Based on your choices, this report ranks your relative passion for each of the six motivators. Your top two and sometimes three motivators cause you to move into action. You will feel positive when talking, listening or doing activities that satisfy your top motivators.

The feedback you will receive in this section will reflect one of three intensity levels for each of the six motivators.

- **Strong** - positive feelings that you need to satisfy either on or off the job.
- **Situational** - where your feelings will range from positive to indifferent based on other priorities in your life at the time. These motivators tend to become more important as your top motivators are satisfied.
- **Indifferent** - your feelings will be indifferent when related to your 5th or 6th motivator.

Your Personal Motivators Ranking		
1st	Utilitarian	<b>Strong</b>
2nd	Individualistic	<b>Strong</b>
3rd	Social	<b>Situational</b>
4th	Aesthetic	<b>Situational</b>
5th	Theoretical	<b>Indifferent</b>
6th	Traditional	<b>Indifferent</b>

















# Aesthetic

## Keys to Managing and Motivating

- Remember that he shows a practicality and realism regarding Aesthetic values and positions.
- This middle ground between the extremes of higher and lower Aesthetic issues may be an appropriate stabilizing force.
- Check for other Values drives that may be higher or lower than this Aesthetic value in order to gain a better idea of specific keys to managing and motivating.
- Support the middle ground strength that he brings between various positions on team issues.

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## Training, Professional Development and Learning Insights

- Explore the professional development insights from some of the other Values scales to determine more specific preferences.
- He is a flexible participant in training and development programs.
- Can become engaged in training activities because he sees it as a part of necessary growth and professional improvement.

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## Continuous Quality Improvements

- To gain additional insight, it is important to review other Values drives to determine the importance of this Aesthetic drive factor.
- He may need to take a more visible position with the team on some issues within the organization.
- May feel conflict as to whether or not to participate in certain team activities, unless there is some area where his creativity may be used.

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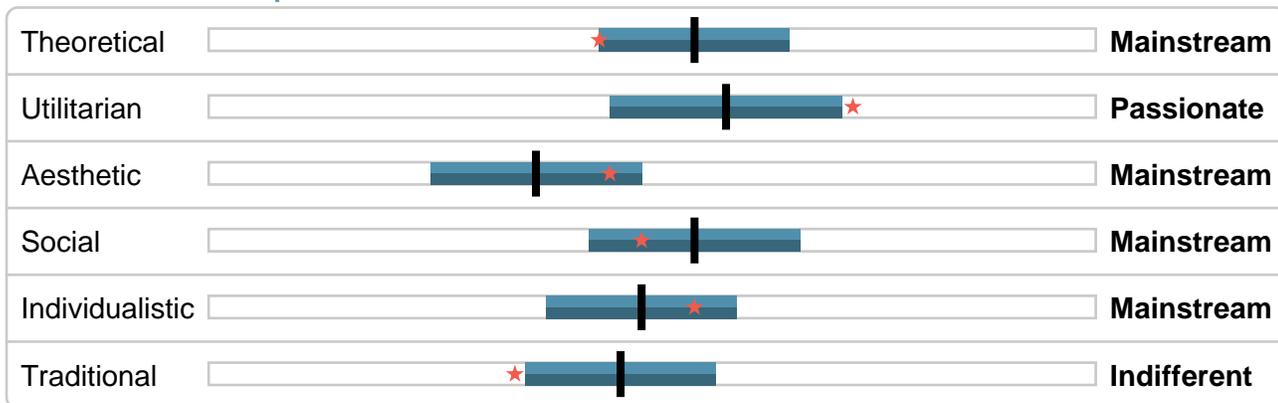
# Motivators - Norms & Comparisons

For years you have heard statements like, "Different strokes for different folks," "to each his own," and "people do things for their own reasons, not yours." When you are surrounded by people who share similar values, you will fit in with the group and be energized. However, when surrounded by people whose values are significantly different from yours, you may be perceived as out of the mainstream. If the differences are understood, each brings strengths to the equation. If not understood, these differences can induce stress or conflict. When confronted with this type of situation you can:

- Change the situation.
- Change your perception of the situation.
- Leave the situation.
- Cope with the situation.

This section reveals areas where your values may be outside the mainstream and could lead to conflict. The further away you are from the mainstream on the high side, the more people will notice your passion about that value. The further away from the mainstream on the low side, the more people will view you as indifferent and possibly negative about that value. The shaded area for each value represents 68 percent of the population or scores that fall within one standard deviation above or below the national mean.

## Norms & Comparisons Table - Norm 2011



- 68 percent of the population    - national mean    - your score

**Mainstream** - one standard deviation of the national mean

**Passionate** - two standard deviations above the national mean

**Indifferent** - two standard deviations below the national mean

**Extreme** - three standard deviations from the national mean



## Motivators - Norms & Comparisons

Areas in which you have strong feelings or passions compared to others:

- You strive for efficiency and practicality in all areas of your life, seeking to gain a return on your investment of time, talent and resources. Others may feel you always have a string attached and are always trying to gain a personal advantage. They may feel you should give just for the sake of giving.

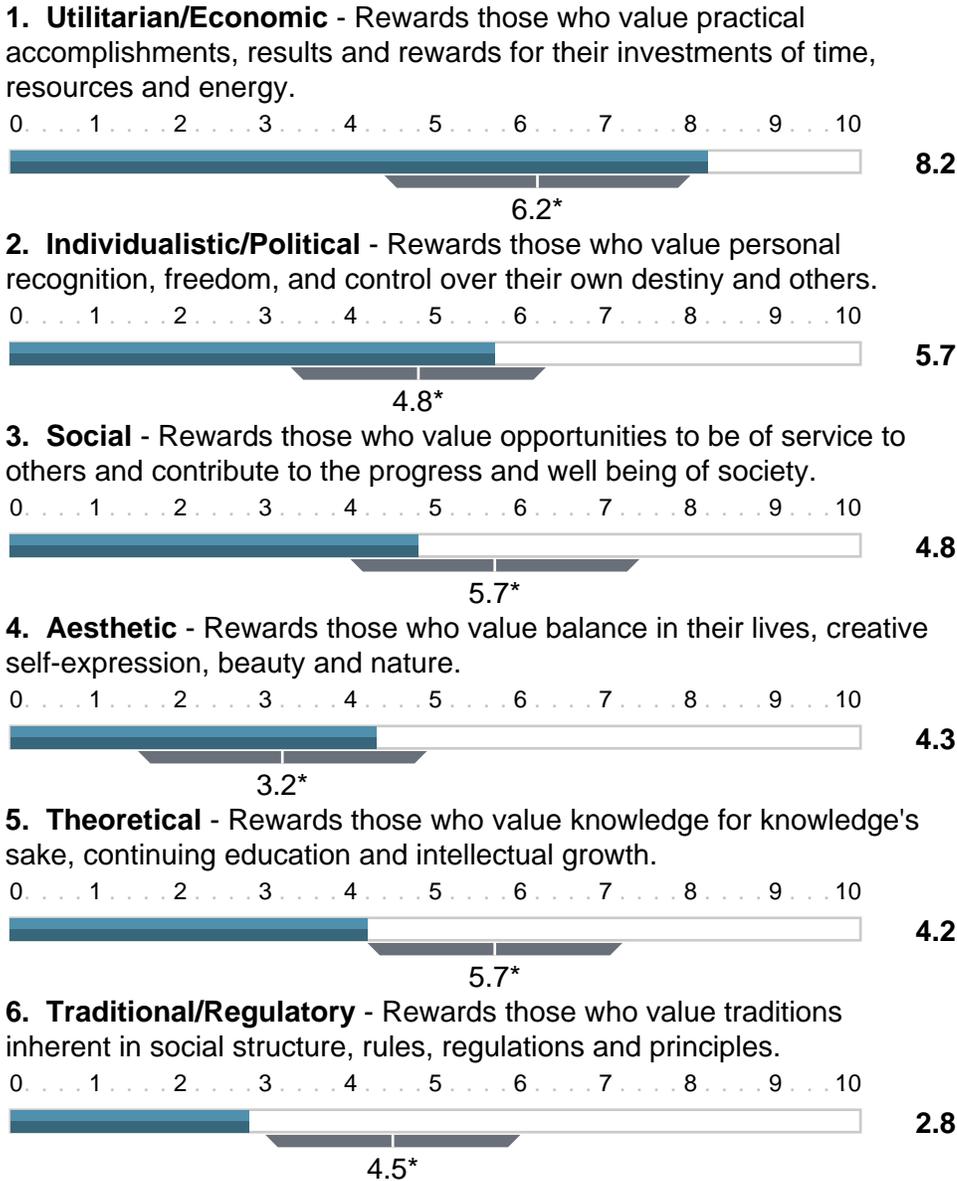
Areas where others' strong feelings may frustrate you as you do not share their same passion:

- Others who try to impose their way of living on you will frustrate you. Your ability to try new things frustrates them and they feel compelled to change you to their system.



# Personal Interests, Attitudes and Values

Your motivation to succeed in anything you do is determined by your underlying values. You will feel energized and successful at work when your job supports your personal values. They are listed below from the highest to the lowest.



\* 68% of the population falls within the shaded area.

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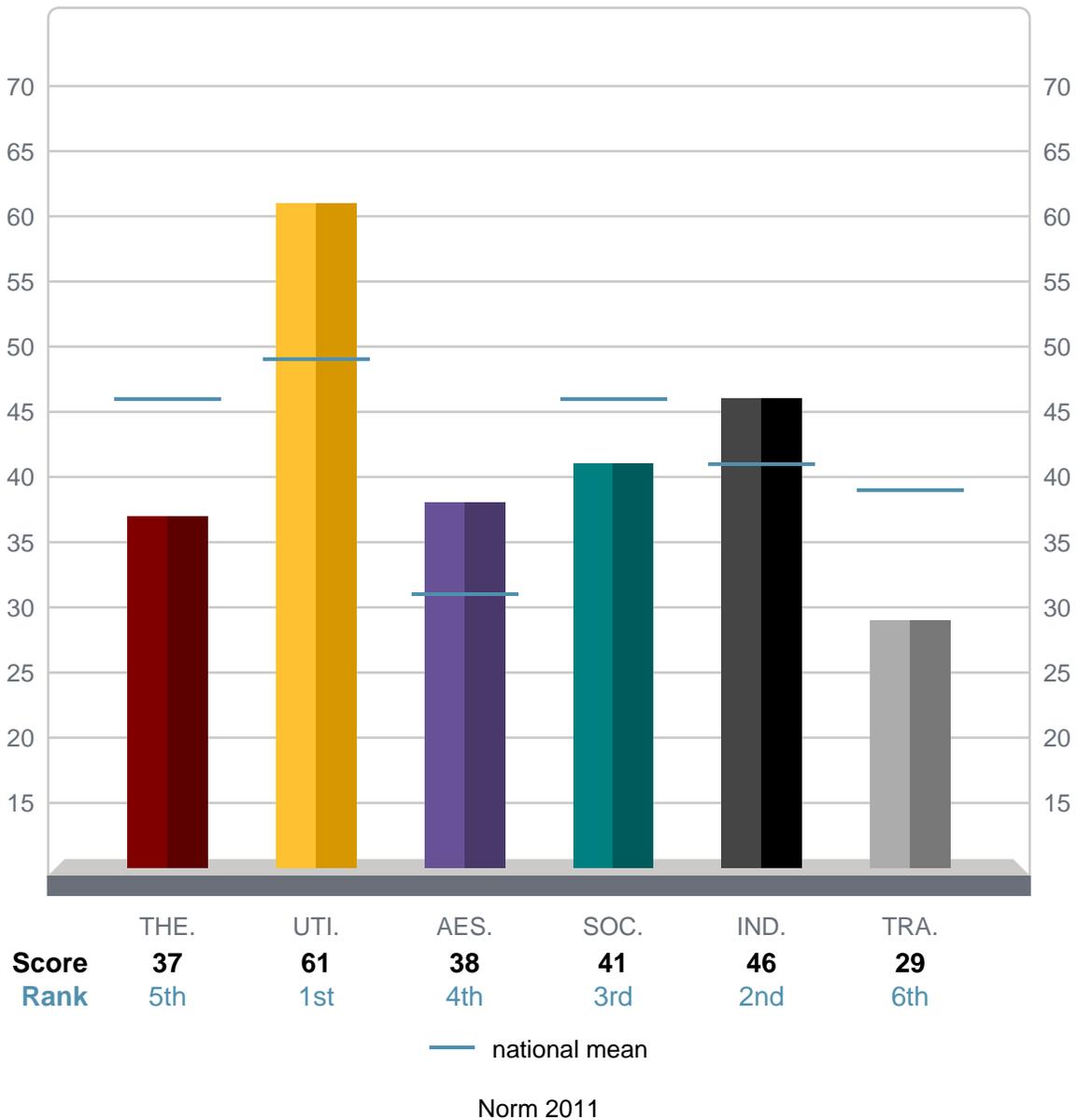
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# Motivation Insights® Graph

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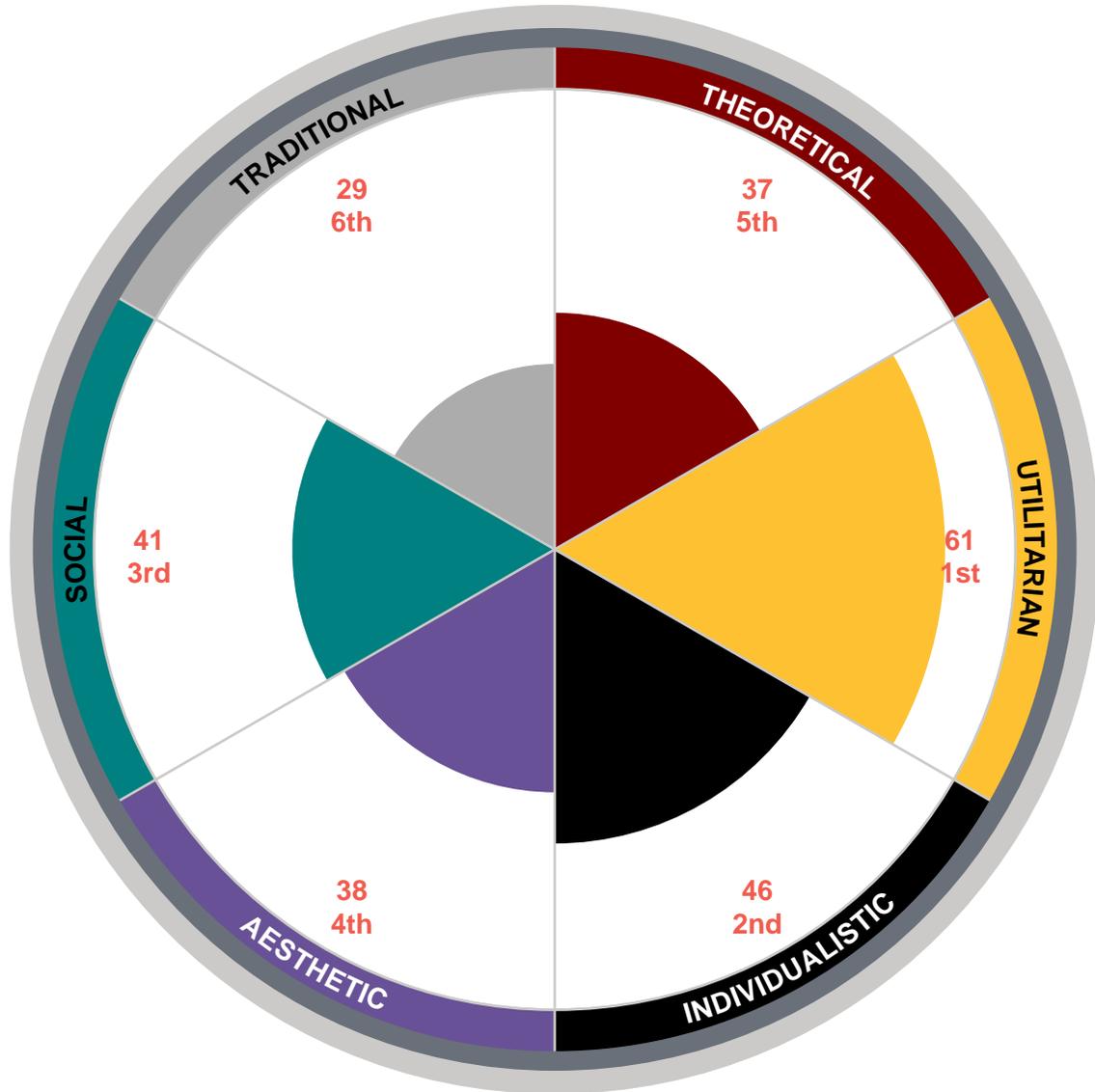
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Gregg Wilson



# Motivators Wheel™

7-14-2014



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Gregg Wilson



# Values Action Plan

*This Action Plan is your tool to contribute to the process of self-development and continuous improvement. As you have reviewed information in this document, please respond to the items below as they relate to your specific professional environment.*

## **Area 1: The greater or global mission of the team or organization.**

In the space below indicate briefly one or two areas of strength that you bring to the greater mission of the organization at large.

## **Area 2: An immediate or shorter-term mission, task or purpose of a smaller group of people with whom you work on day-to-day operations.**

In the space below, indicate briefly one or two areas of strength (different from those above), that you bring to the shorter-term tasks or day-to-day operations.



# Quality Improvement Action Plan

In the area below, respond briefly as indicated. Base your answers on some of the information and results presented in this document.

## Action Point 1: Things I will keep on doing.

Indicate three things that you are doing very well already, and that you plan to keep on doing.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

## Action Point 2: Things I will modify or change slightly.

Indicate 2 things that you will modify, adjust, or change slightly in order to increase personal effectiveness.

- 1.
- 2.

## Action Point 3: Things I will stop doing, or try to eliminate.

Indicate one thing that you will try to stop doing in order to increase personal effectiveness.

- 1.

Today's Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Date to review with mentor or peer: \_\_\_\_\_



# Team Building Summary of Workplace Values

Pick the most important item in each category from your report in the topic areas indicated. Leave a line blank if no primary item emerges to you. This summary sheet is to be used as a primary point of dialogue between you, your peers, and your manager, provided that all have copies of their own information. This communication should be a two-way process.

*(Remember, these items are related to one's intrinsic drive factors, their 'hidden motivators' not readily observable. These items are of critical importance to one's long range success. This list illuminates why we do what we do.)*

## General Characteristics

1. Theoretical \_\_\_\_\_
2. Utilitarian/Economic \_\_\_\_\_
3. Aesthetic \_\_\_\_\_
4. Social/Altruistic \_\_\_\_\_
5. Individualistic/Political \_\_\_\_\_
6. Traditional/Regulatory \_\_\_\_\_

## Value to the Organization

1. Theoretical \_\_\_\_\_
2. Utilitarian/Economic \_\_\_\_\_
3. Aesthetic \_\_\_\_\_
4. Social/Altruistic \_\_\_\_\_
5. Individualistic/Political \_\_\_\_\_
6. Traditional/Regulatory \_\_\_\_\_



# Team Building Summary of Workplace Values

## Keys to Managing and Motivating:

1. Theoretical \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. Utilitarian/Economic \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. Aesthetic \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. Social/Altruistic \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. Individualistic/Political \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
6. Traditional/Regulatory \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Training, Professional Development and Learning Insights:

1. Theoretical \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. Utilitarian/Economic \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. Aesthetic \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. Social/Altruistic \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. Individualistic/Political \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
6. Traditional/Regulatory \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



# Team Building Summary of Workplace Values

## Continuous Quality Improvement:

1. Theoretical \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. Utilitarian/Economic \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. Aesthetic \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. Social/Altruistic \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. Individualistic/Political \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
6. Traditional/Regulatory \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Continuous Quality Improvement: (choose two items from any values areas)

1. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_